

# **STUDIES OF DIESEL PARTICLES IN ENGINE EXHAUST AND AMBIENT AIR**

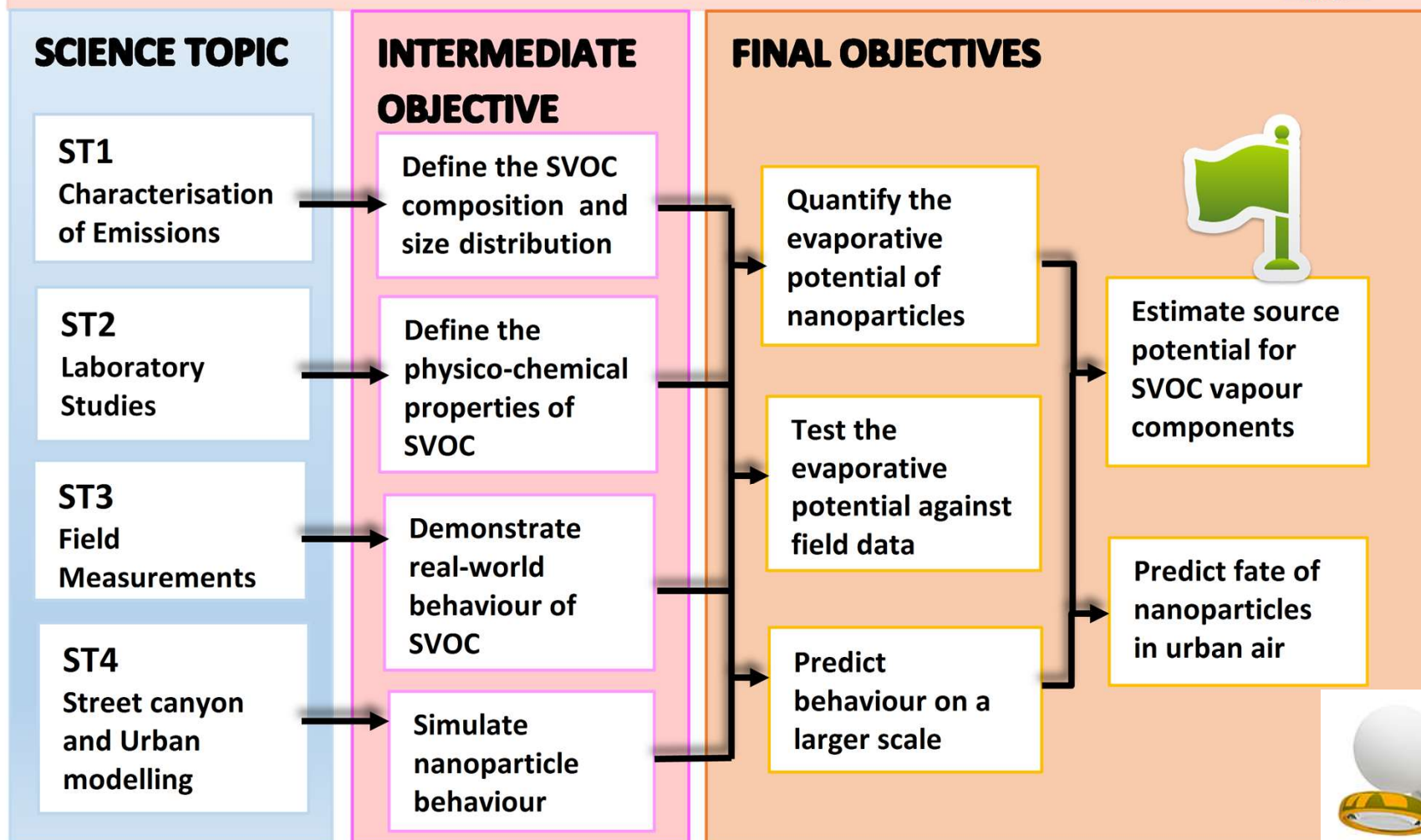
**Roy M. Harrison**

**University of Birmingham**

**and**

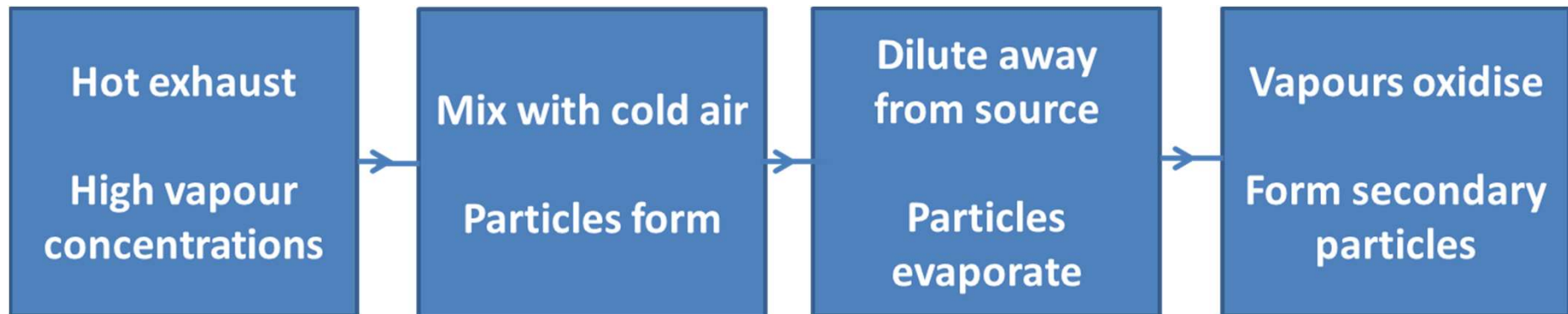
**National Centre for Atmospheric Science**

# FASTER: Fundamental Studies of the Sources, Properties and Environmental Behaviour of Exhaust Nanoparticles from Road Vehicles



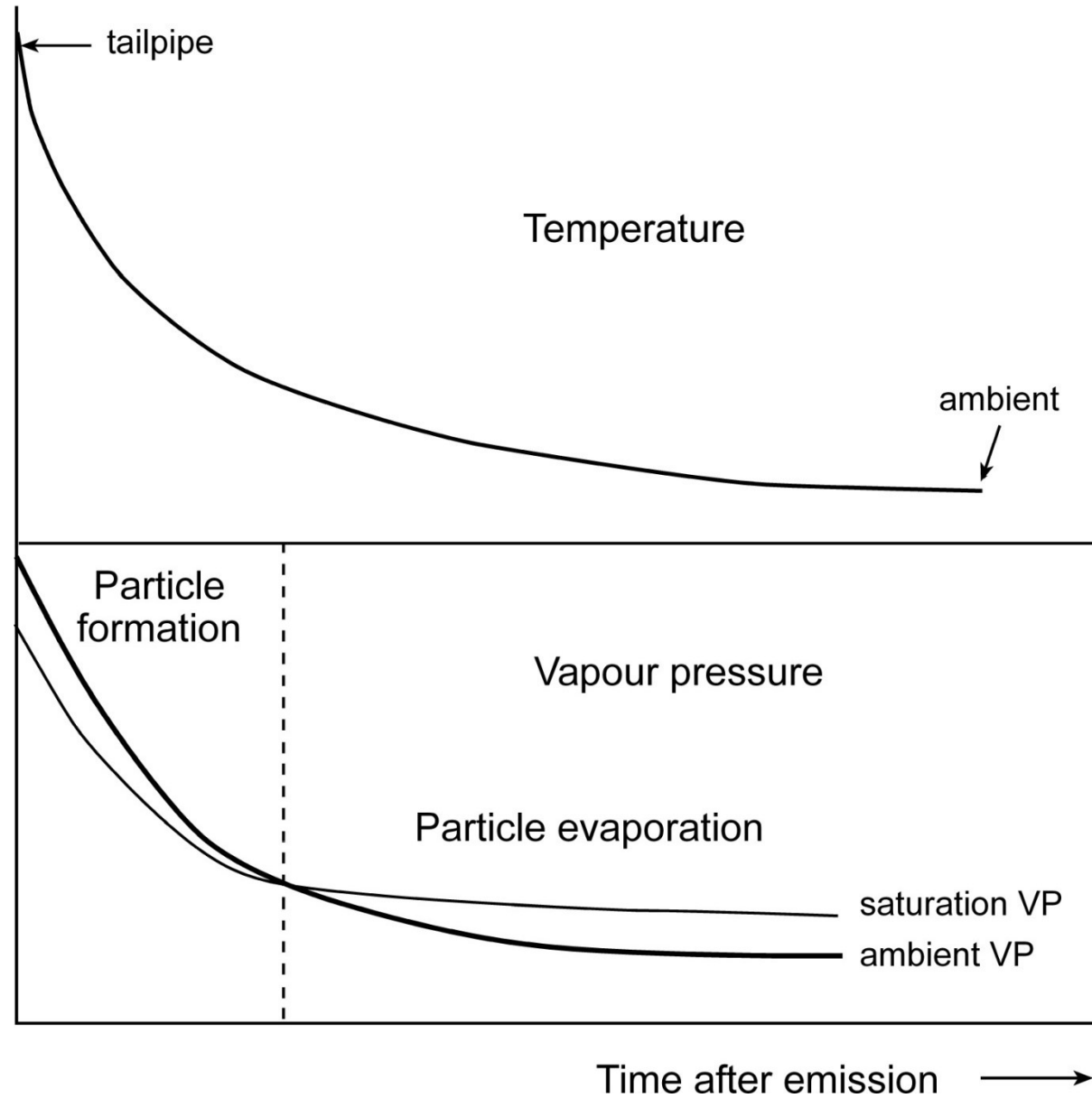
# Semi Volatile Compounds

- Compounds that partition directly between the vapour and condensed phase



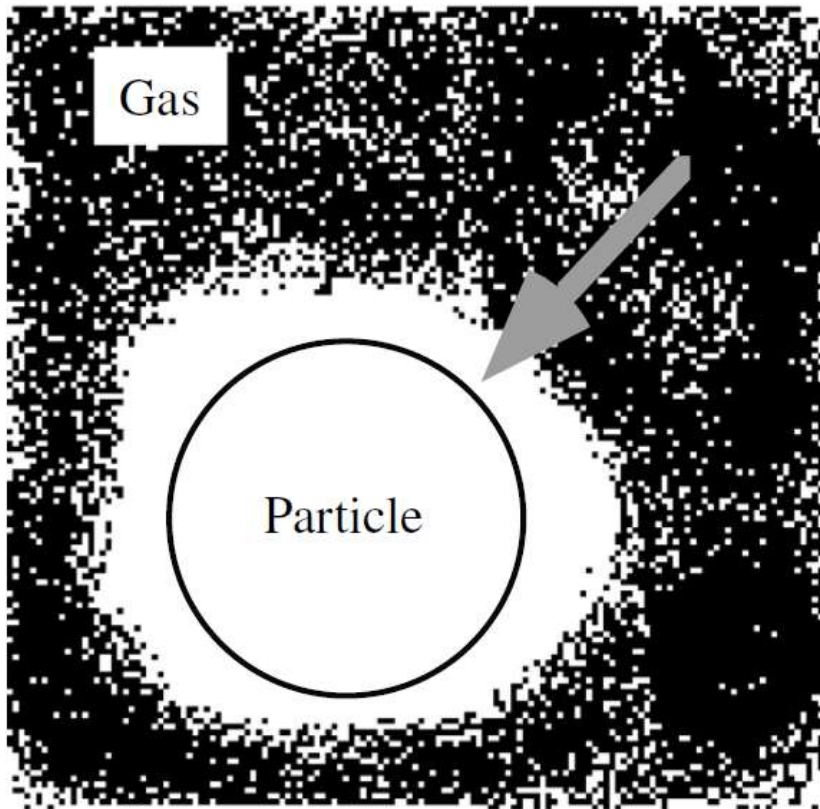
- Composition of primary vehicle exhaust aerosol and contribution to SOA
- Uncertainties relate to semi volatile component of particles

## Processes influencing nanoparticle formation from semi-volatile compounds upon emission in hot gases from a vehicle tailpipe

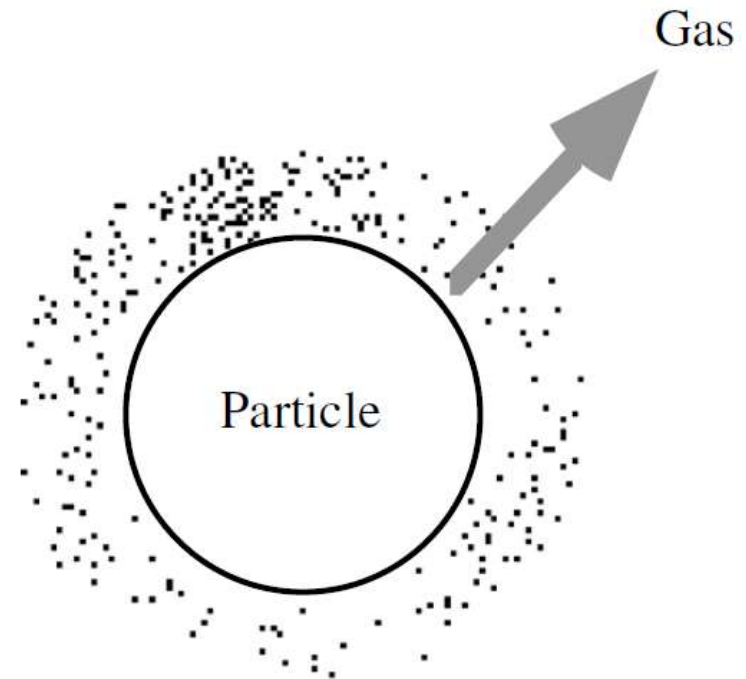


**Condensation/evaporation:** driven by the difference between the partial pressure of a gas and its saturation vapour pressure over a particle surface.

(a) Condensation



(b) Evaporation



# Characterisation of Engine Emissions

# Engine Facility at the University of Birmingham



Control Room



Engine test cell



Utilities Room



DMS 500



SPC Smart Sampler

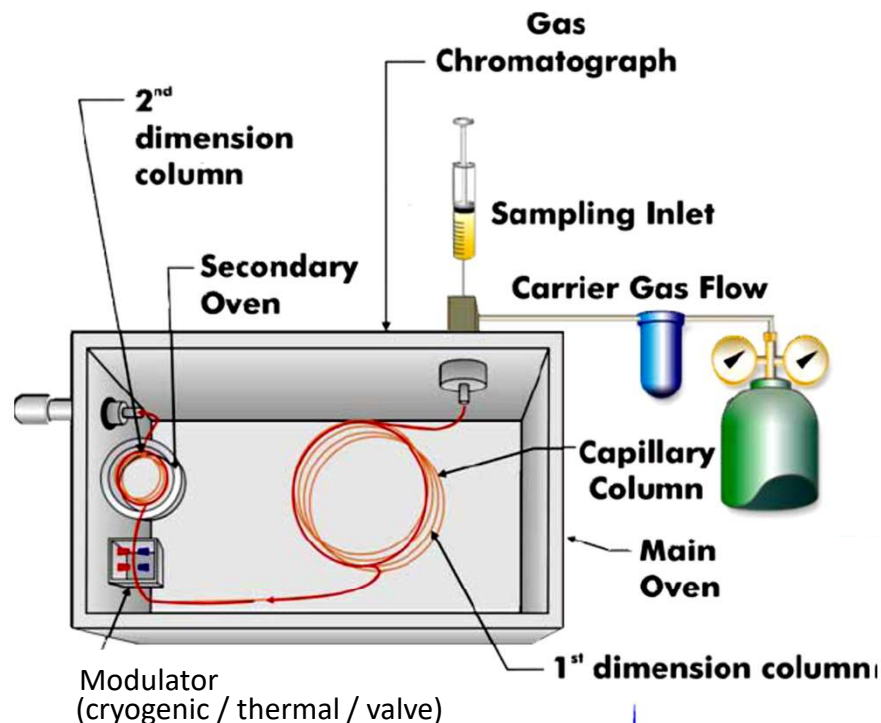


AMA i60

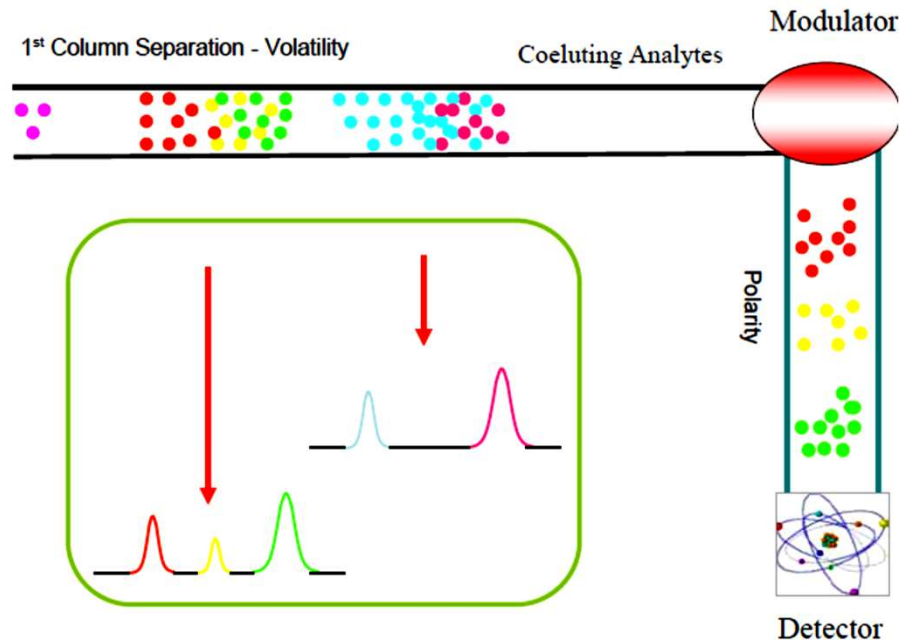
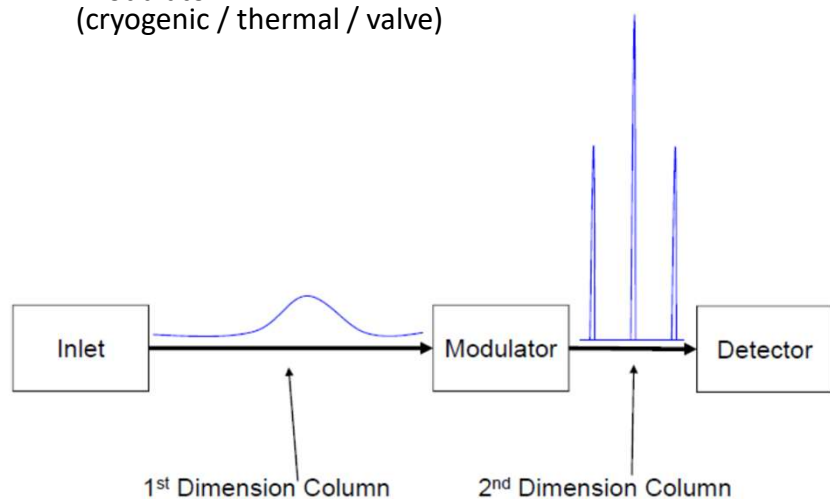


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# Gas Chromatography × Gas Chromatography (GC × GC)

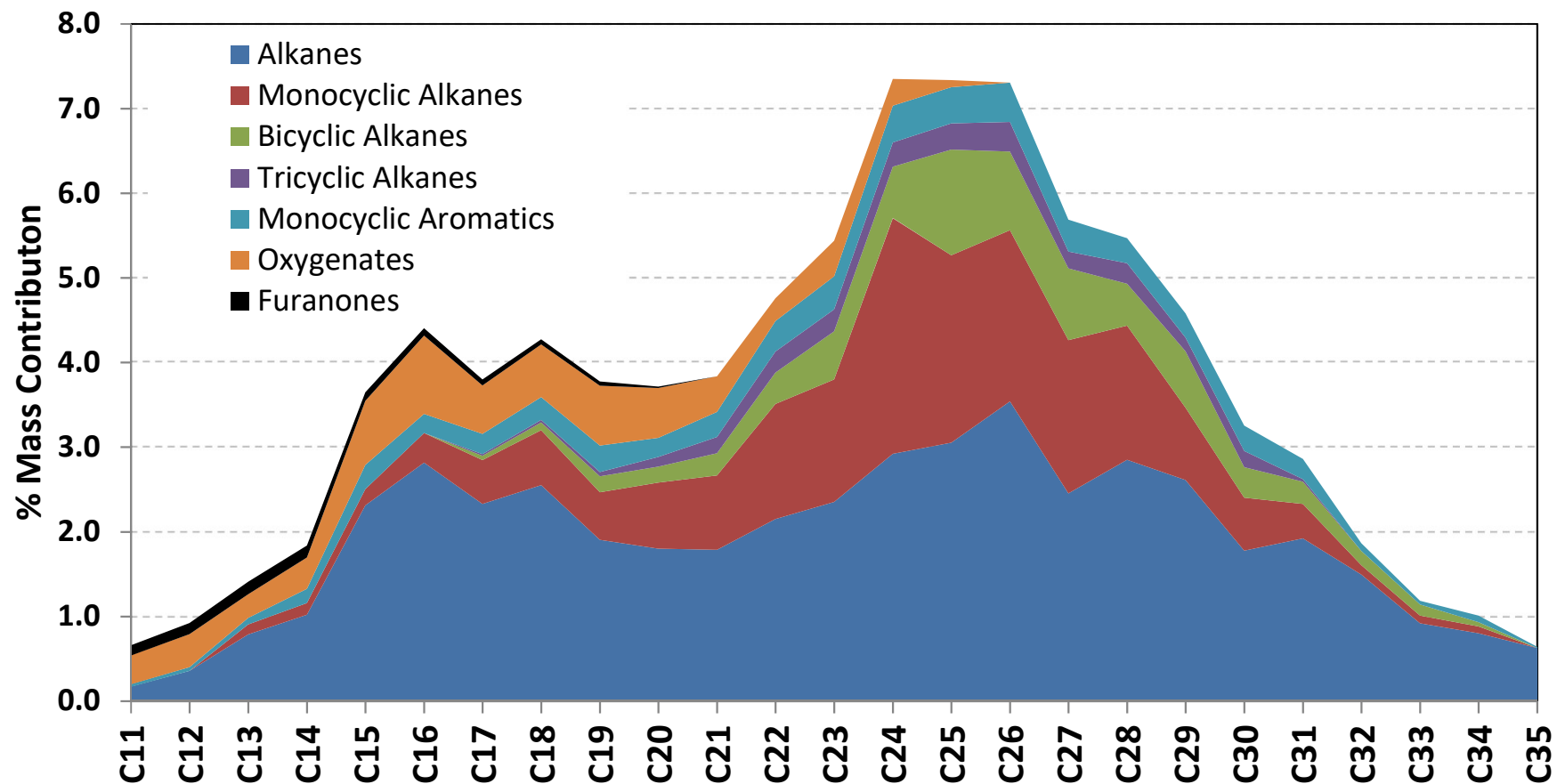


The modulator traps and releases sequential portions of the 1<sup>st</sup> column effluent and injects it into the 2<sup>nd</sup> column of different selectivity where it is separated and detected.



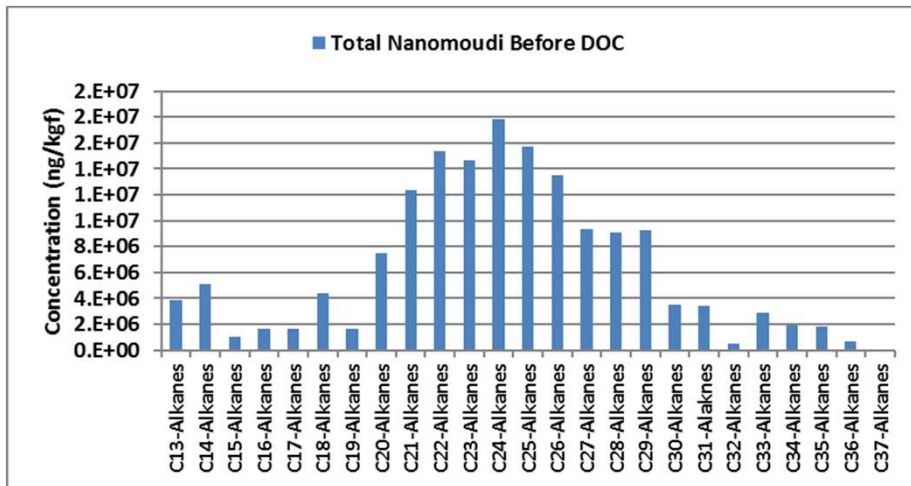


# Particulate Phase Emissions Composition

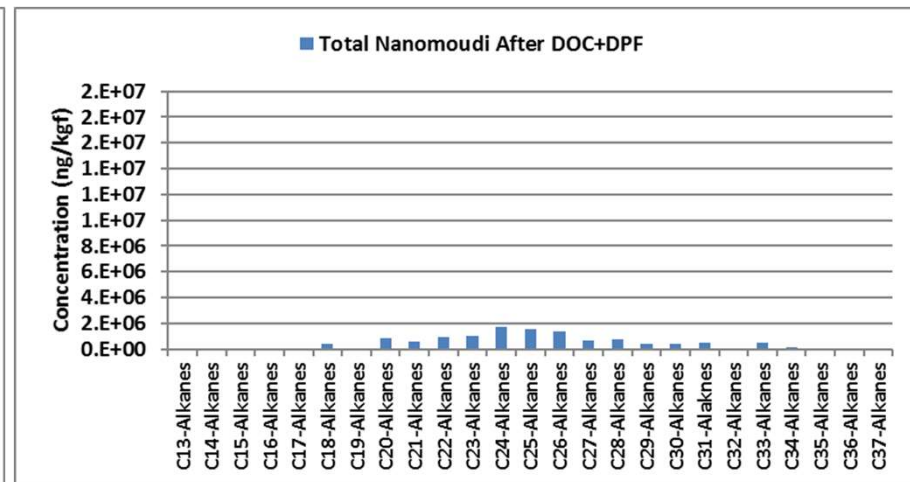
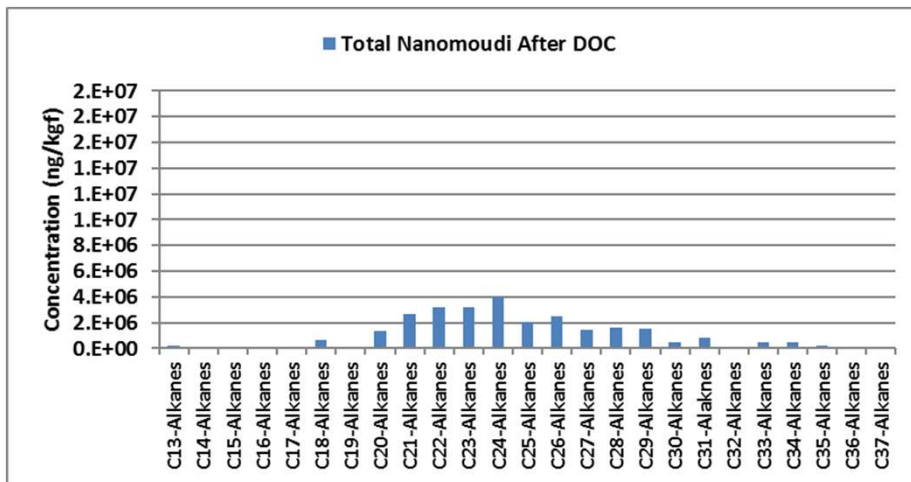


# **Alkanes in engine exhaust before and after control technologies**

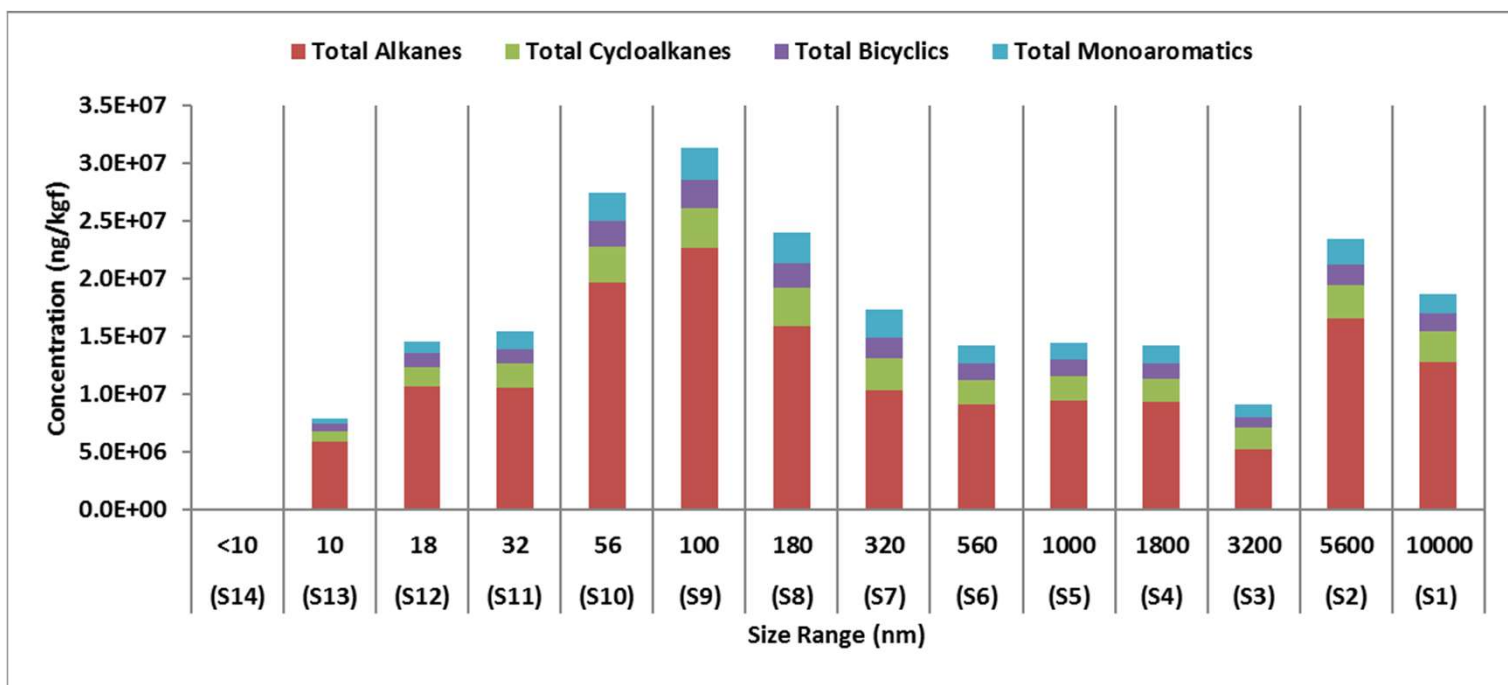
# Alkanes (n + i) in exhaust



**Alkanes**  
 Nano-Moudi Results (Particle Phase)  
 1.4 bar BMEP and 1800 RPM



# Size fractionated hydrocarbons in exhaust



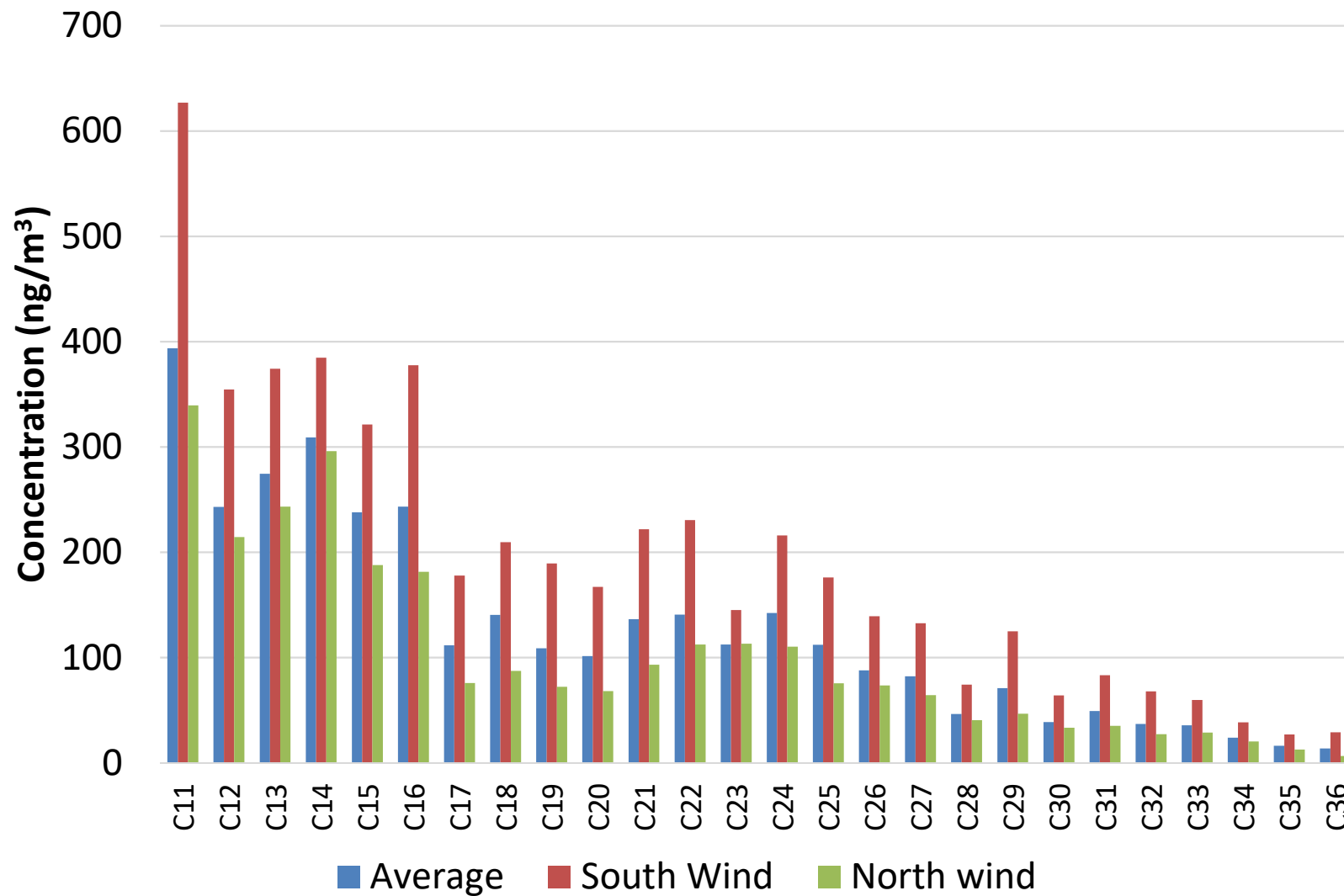
Nano-Moudi Results (Particle Phase)  
1.4 bar BMEP and 1800 RPM  
Before DOC

# **Ambient Air Measurements from Marylebone Road, London**

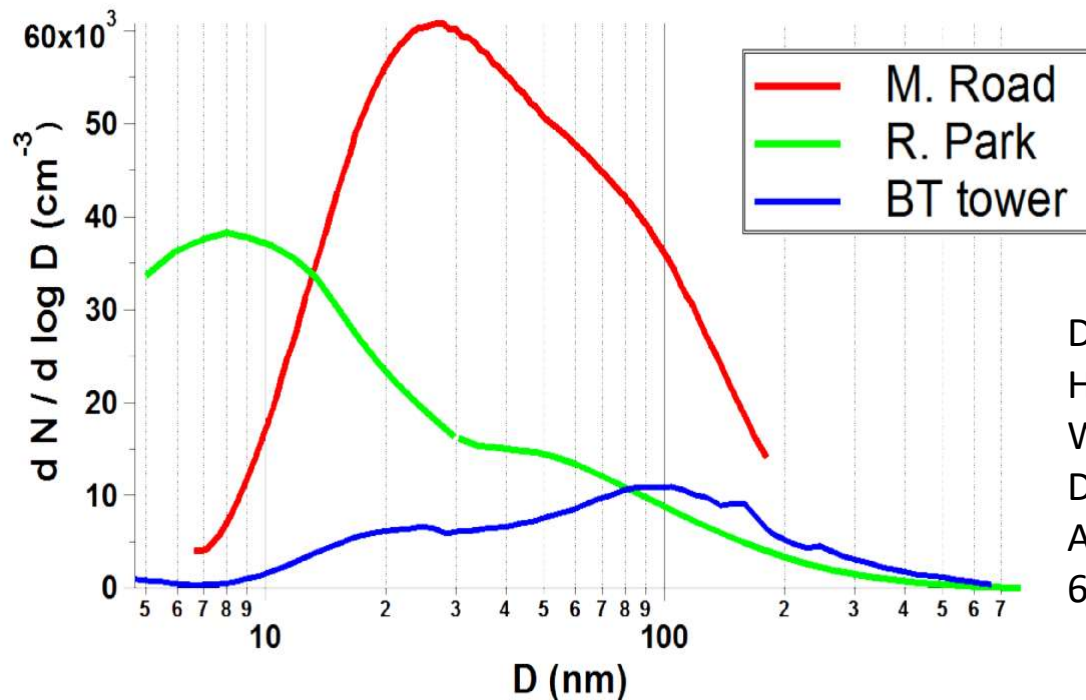
# MARYLEBONE ROAD



## Alkanes in Marylebone Road (Vapour + Particle)



# What was measured in London?



Dall'Osto, M., Thorpe, A., Beddows, D.C.S., Harrison, R.M., Barlow, J.F., Dunbar, T., Williams, P.I. Coe, H., 2011. Remarkable Dynamics of Nanoparticles in the Urban Atmosphere, *Atmos. Chem. Phys.* **11**, 6623-6637.

- The typical size distribution measured at the Road site peaking between 20 and 30 nm diameter.
- In contrast, data from the Park site showed a mode which had shifted downwards to below 10 nm diameter.
- There is almost complete loss of the sub-30 nanometre mode at the BT Tower site.

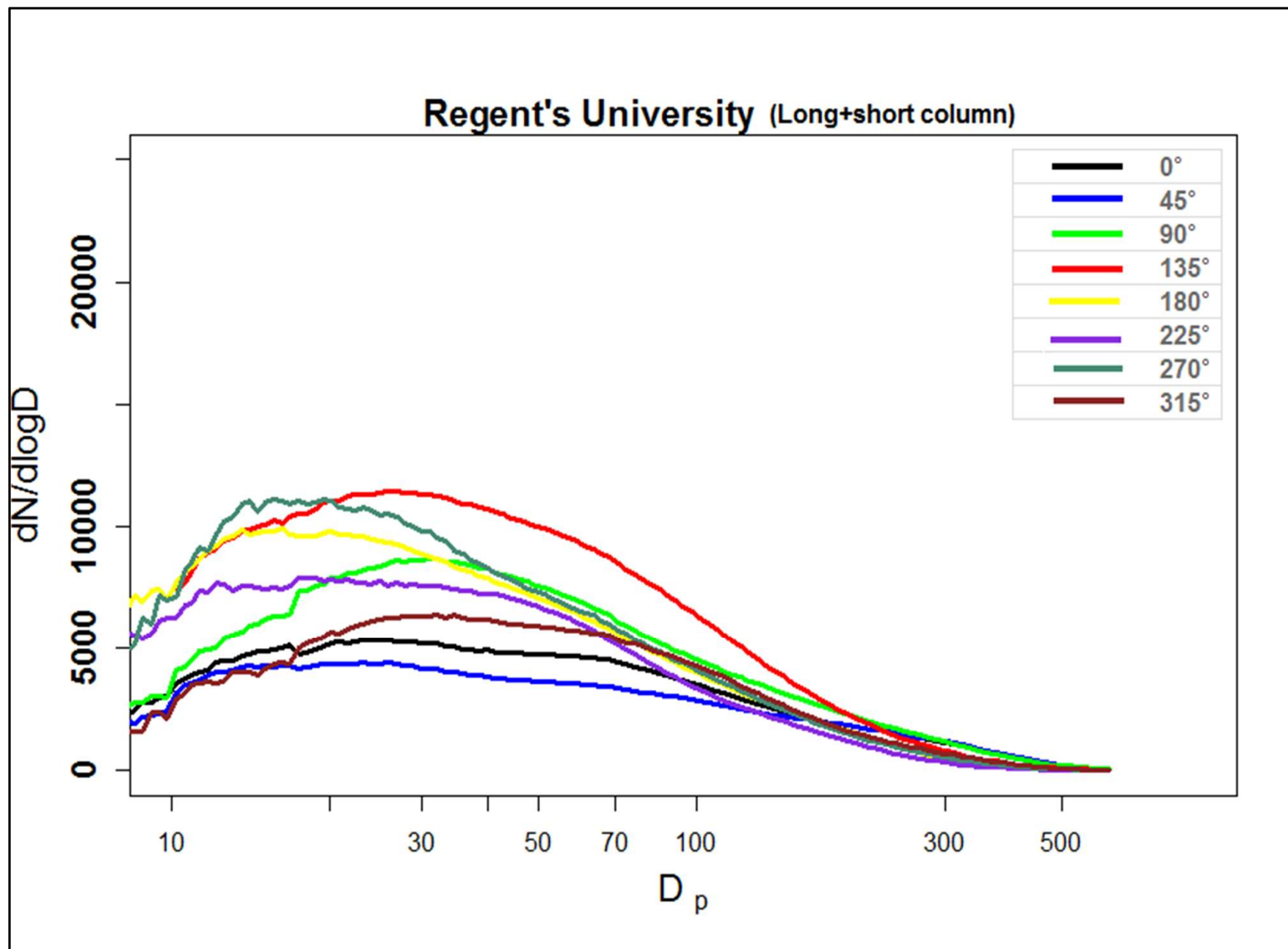


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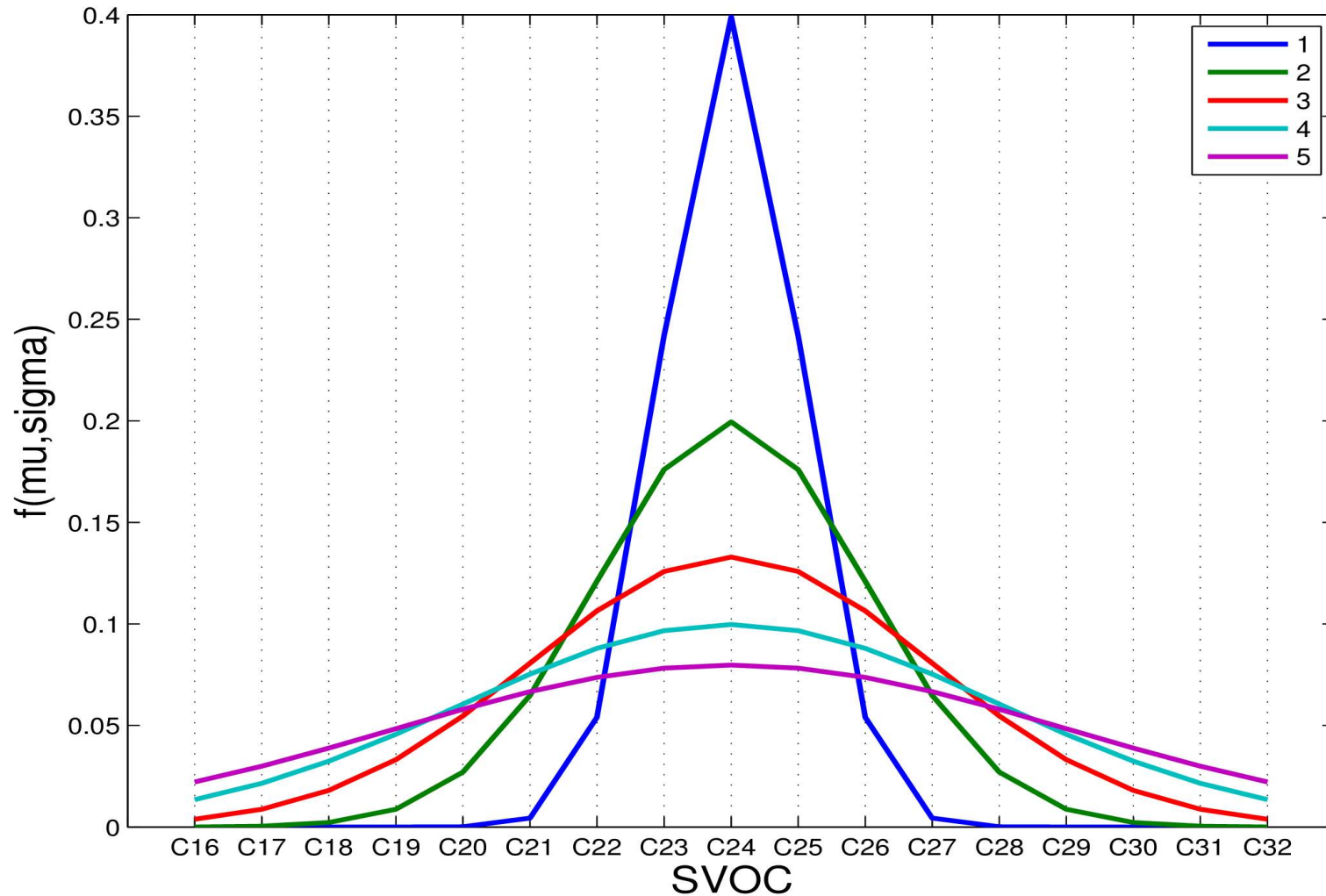
# New Field Data



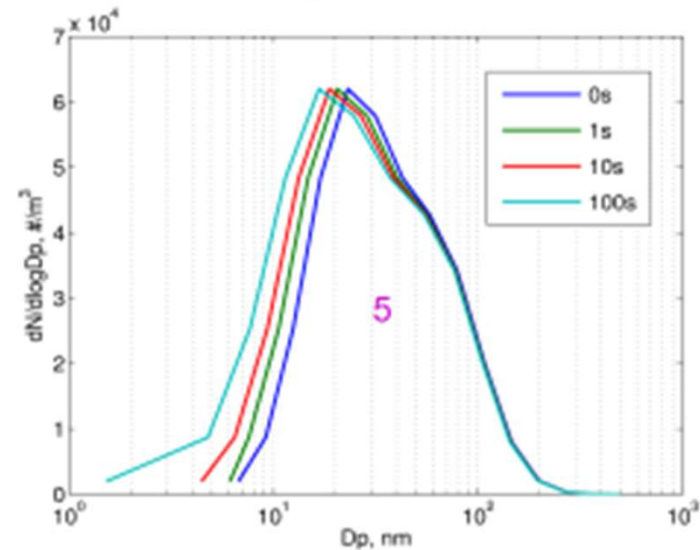
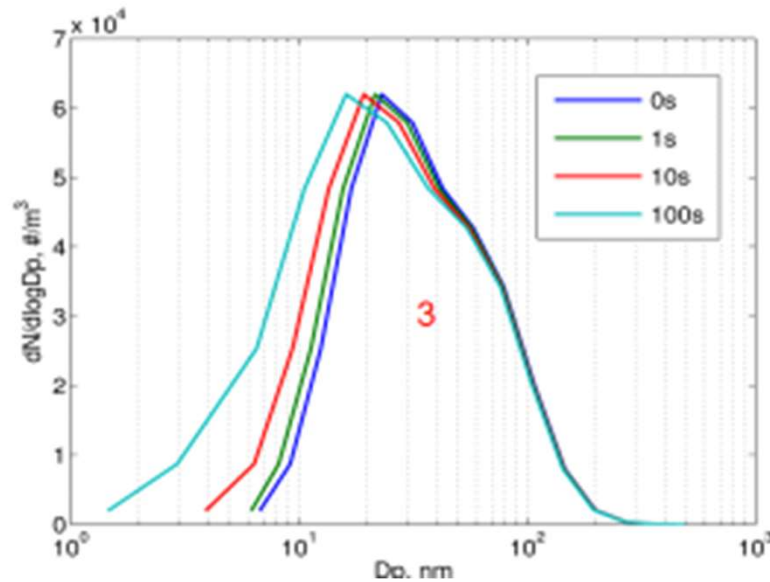
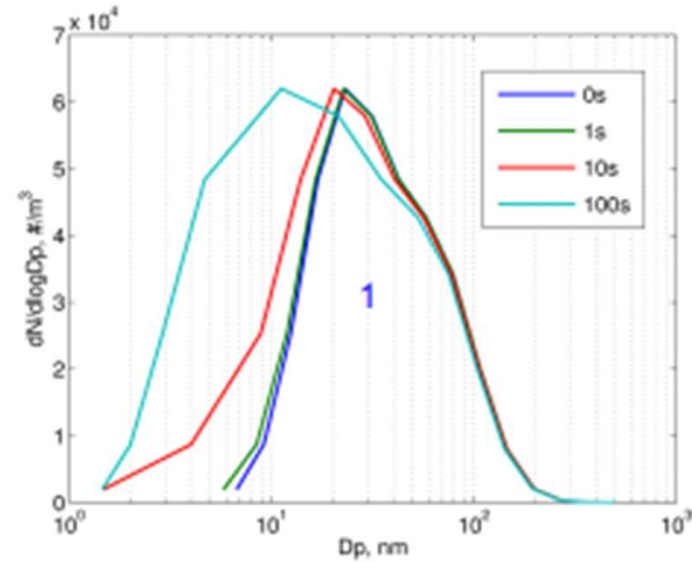
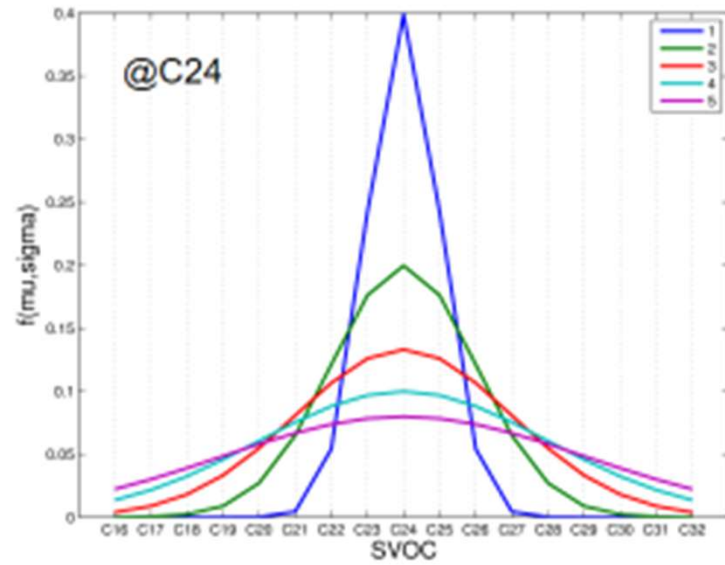




# Example particle compositions, given as mass fraction for surrogate compounds C16-C32, represented by a Gaussian distribution with $\sigma$ from 1 to 5



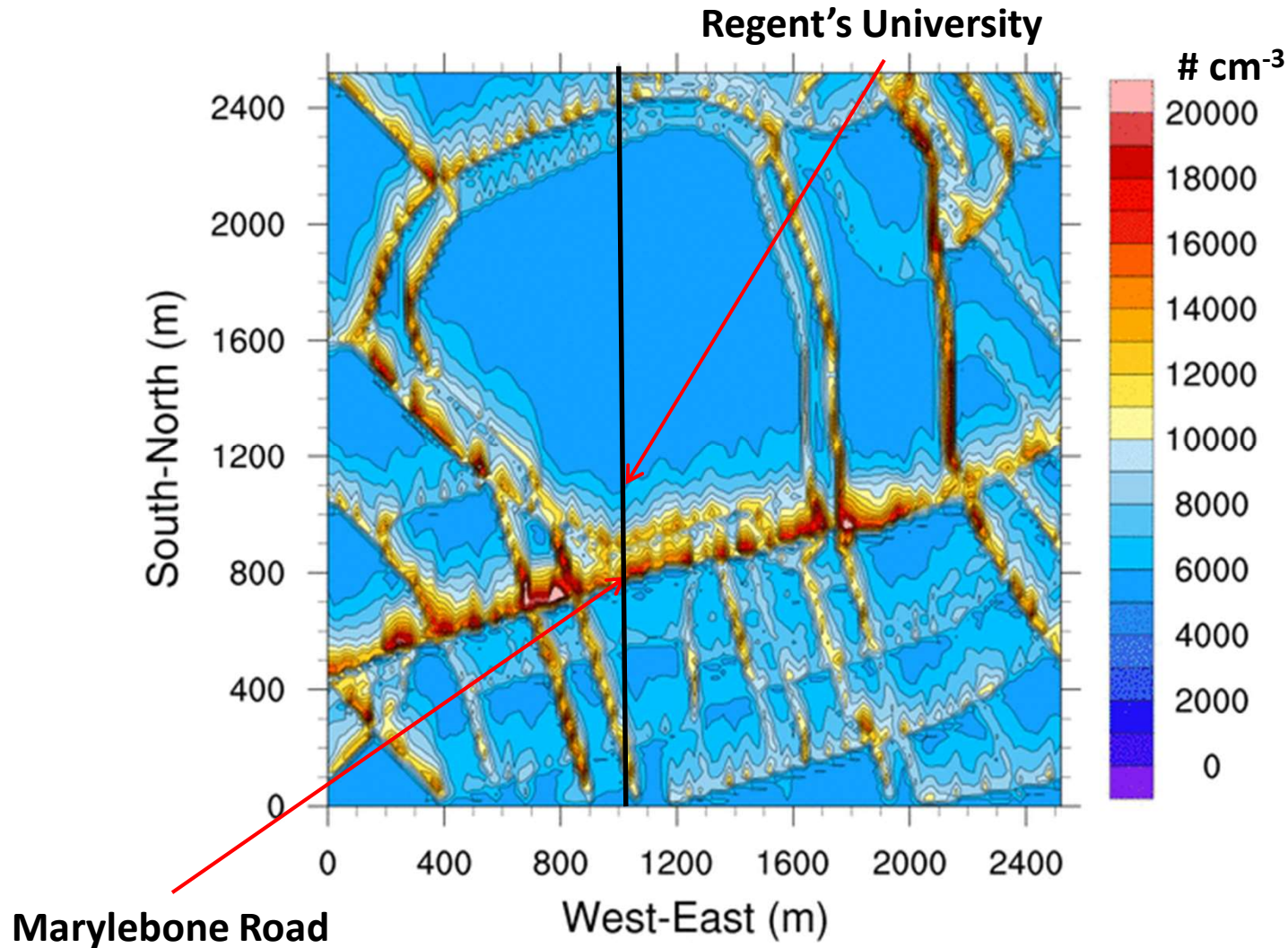
# Change in size distribution according to sigma and travel time



# Neighbourhood-scale Model

## The 3D WRF-SVOC model

### Total UFP number concentration at roof-level



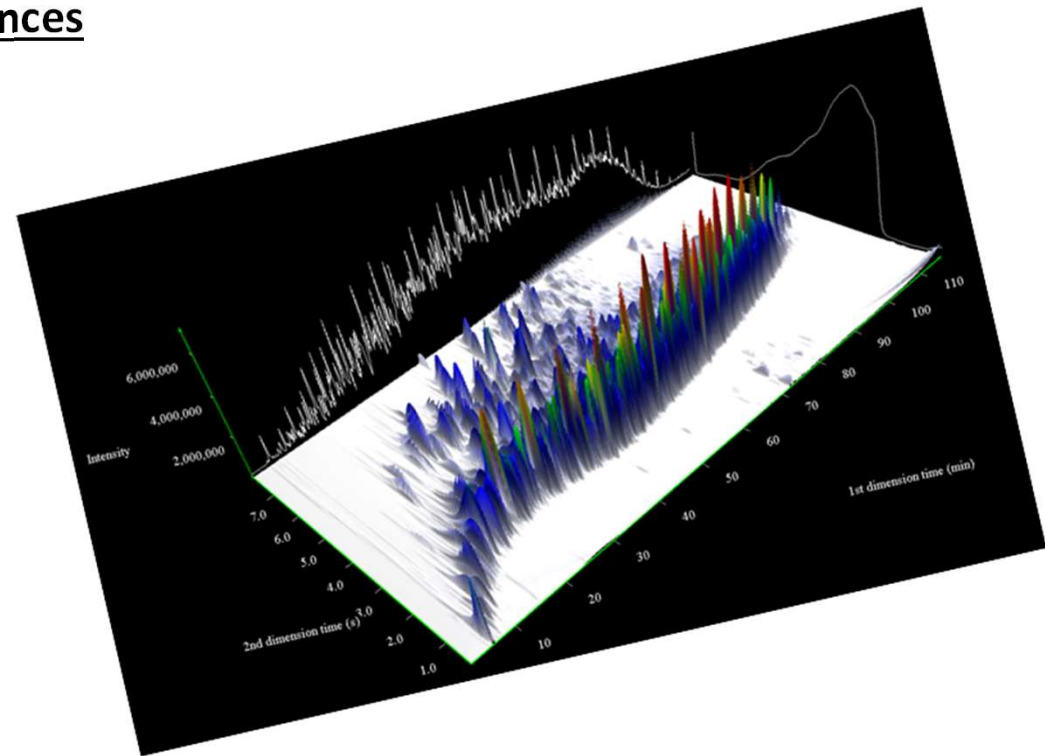


# The FASTER Team...



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**THANK YOU**

