

# **Update on the UN-ECE Particle Measurement Programme (PMP)**

Chris Parkin – UK Department for Transport

# **Background to PMP**



- Inter-governmental research programme under the auspices of UN-ECE GRPE to develop new vehicle exhaust particle measurement procedures for regulatory use
- Set up due to health concerns over nano-particles and concerns over capability of current PM measurement to force adoption of technology which effectively controls these emissions
- Mandate was to develop techniques to replace or complement particulate mass measurement. Techniques must be applicable to Light Duty Vehicle & Heavy Duty Engine type approval testing
- PMP also to provide data on the performance of different vehicle technologies according to the new measurement procedures

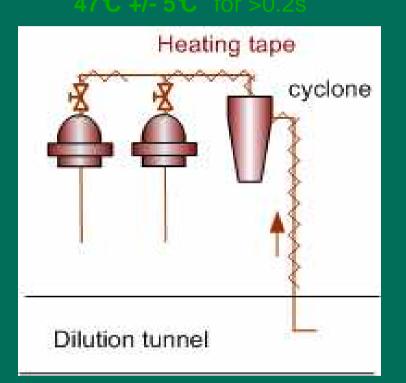
### **PMP Phases**



- Phase I (2001-2) developed protocols for examining different candidate measurement systems.
- Phase II (2002-3) evaluated a range of measurement techniques and sample conditioning systems.
- Phase III (2004-) is validating the recommended measurement techniques via inter-laboratory test programmes.
- Validation for light duty testing completed in 2006 and reported in 2007.

### **PMP Phase II Recommendations – Improved Particulate Mass Measurement**

- Cyclone (2.5µm to 10µm cut-point)
- Sample to be held at 47℃ +/- 5℃ for >0.2s
- Filter face velocity (50cm/s to 80cm/s)
- Pallflex **TX40** filters with no backup

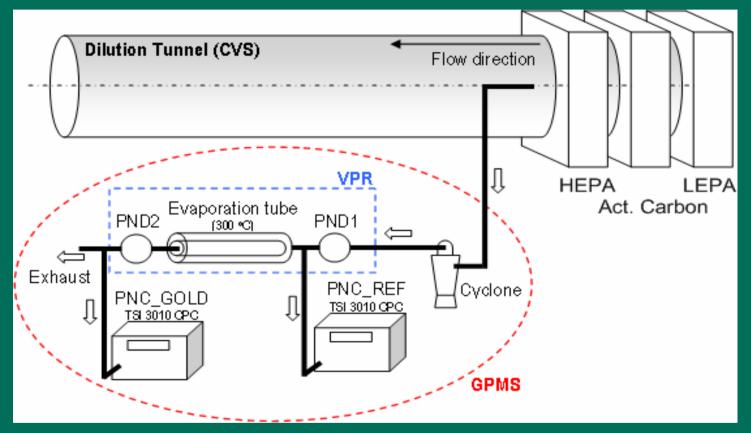


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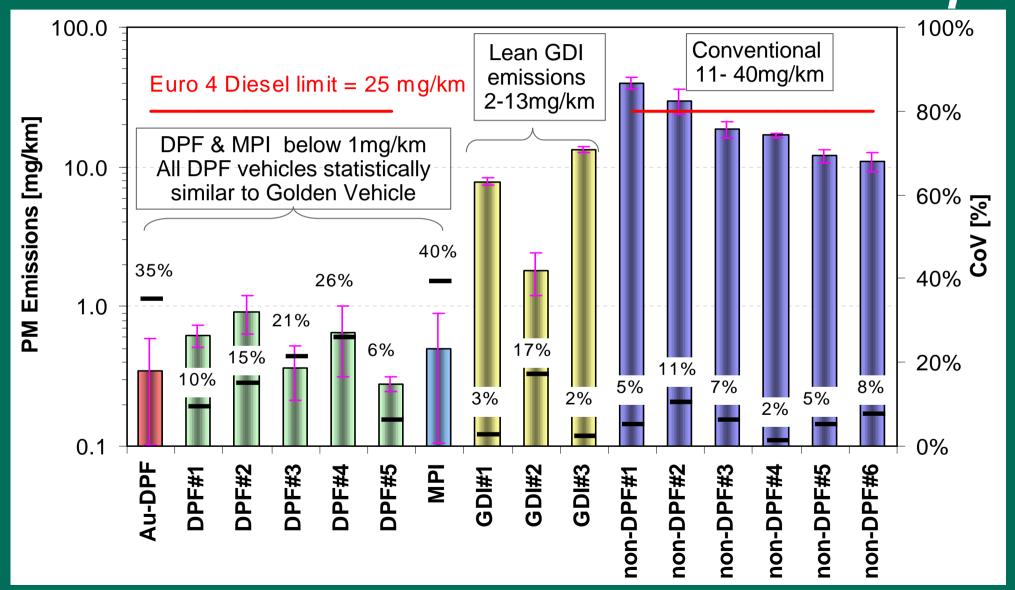
### **PMP Phase II Recommendations – Solid Particle Number Count**

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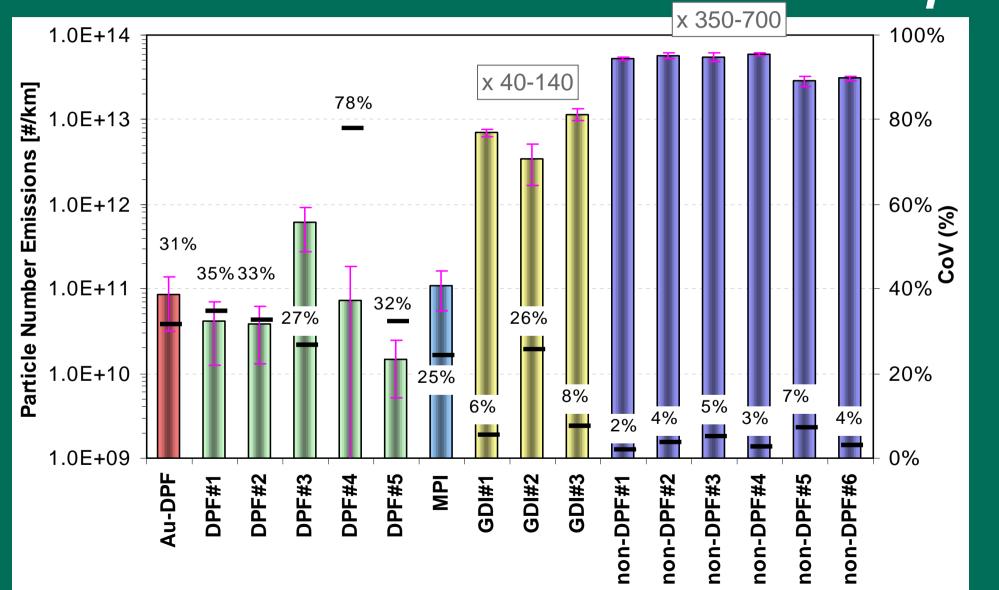


- LEPA, charcoal + HEPA filtration of dilution air
- Sample pre-conditioning by heated dilution, heating, second stage dilution to eliminate volatile particles.
- Particle number count by condensation nucleus counter with 23nm low size cut-off.

### PMP Phase III – Light Duty Validation Results, Department for Particulate Mass



# PMP Phase III – Light Duty Validation Results, Department for Particle Number Transport



# **UK Proposal To GRPE in June 2007**



- Proposed inclusion of particle number and revised particulate mass procedures in UN-ECE Regulation 83 as an unreferenced Annex for future use
- Proposal included;
  - Mandatory LEPA, charcoal & HEPA filtration of dilution air
  - Background correction permitted for PM (max 1mg/km) and PN for CoP but not type approval
  - PN logged for 20s after end of cycle to capture offset
  - Max permissible Volatile Particle Remover solid particle losses 40%, 30% and 20% at 30nm, 50nm and 100nm respectively.
  - VPR volatile removal efficiency <u>>99%</u> (upstream v downstream or cold v hot measurements)
  - Gas calibration of VPR for dilution across range, losses & volatile removal efficiency validated (upstream v downstream concentration measurements)
  - VPR leak check (<1 cm<sup>-3</sup>) prior to each test

### UK Proposal To GRPE in June 2007 (cont)



- PNC 0-10,000cm<sup>-3</sup> in single particle count mode
- PNC counting efficiency validated against reference PNC or electrometer (+/-10%)
- No periodic validation requirement of PNC low size cut-off characteristic
- PNC Checks: Monthly linearity check, daily zero (<1cm<sup>-3</sup>) and high (>100cm<sup>-3</sup> with ambient air) response check prior to each test, daily flow check,

# **GRPE June 2007 Outcome**



- Several nations expressed a view that proposal was premature with remaining issues to be resolved in particular regarding;
  - calibration procedures
  - VPR & PNC specifications
  - Potential system to system offsets
- Proposal not adopted by GRPE
- However GRPE endorsed a 'Road Map' of activities to allow a revised proposal to be considered by GRPE 55 in Jan 2008

### **PMP Road Map**



- Compile additional existing PN results from outside validation exercise
- Improve calibration procedures
- Analyse accumulation of errors/system tolerances to assess potential differences between systems
- Demonstrate improved calibration procedures

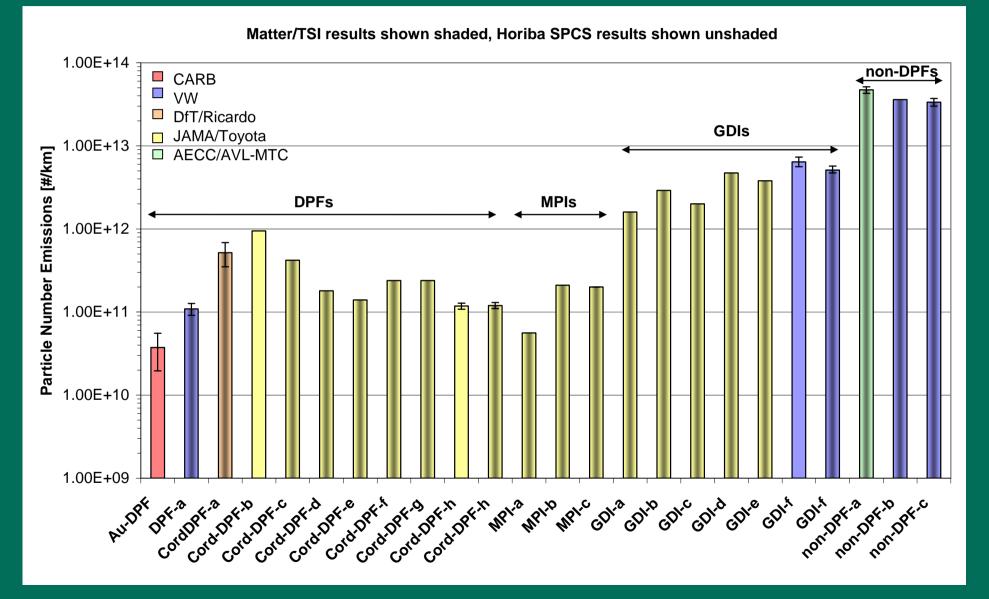
#### **Consolidation of Particle Number Data**



- Compilation of Existing Particle Number Test Data from PMP compliant equipment used outside of the PMP ILCE
  - Data was received from AECC, CARB, JAMA, Sweden, Concawe, UK, Toyota and Volkswagen
  - PMP compliant measurement systems used were the Horiba SPCS and Matter MD19+TSI PNC. Results were submitted on other measurement systems but no data was available to demonstrate that these systems met PMP solid particle penetration and volatile particle removal efficiency requirements.
- Analysis of accumulation of errors by NPL suggested potential 15% offset. The most significant factors were the PNC calibration and the allowable tolerance on VPR pcrf validation checks

### **Consolidation of Particle Number Data**

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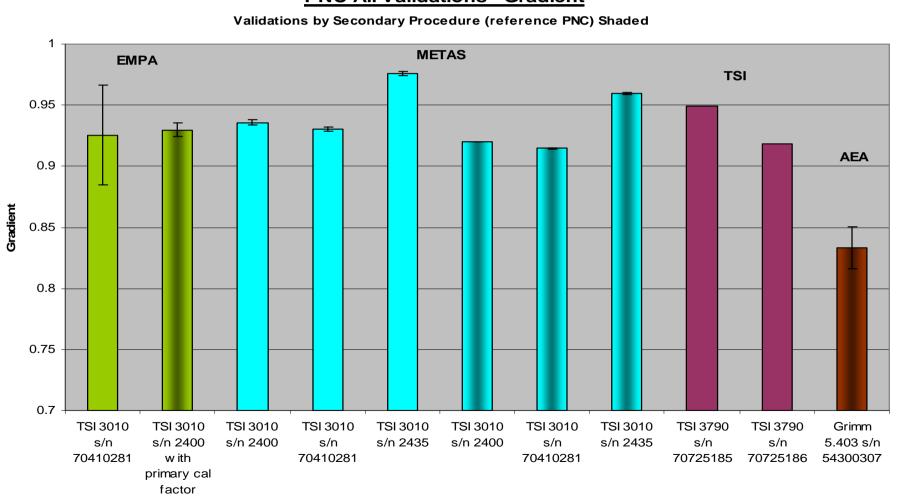
# **Improved Calibration Procedures**



- The following key revisions to the procedures were agreed over 2 meetings in August & October
  - VPR will be calibrated for particle concentration reduction factor (a combination of particle losses and dilution) which must not be excessively size dependent
  - PNC will be calibrated to reference electrometer level
- This substantially reduces potential offset between systems by correcting out differences in particle losses and PNC counting efficiency
- EMPA, METAS, TSI & AEA undertook measurements during August-September demonstrating the procedures and their repeatability

#### **PNC Primary & Secondary Validation Gradients**

- Primary & Secondary methods show similar results
- Repeatability generally good



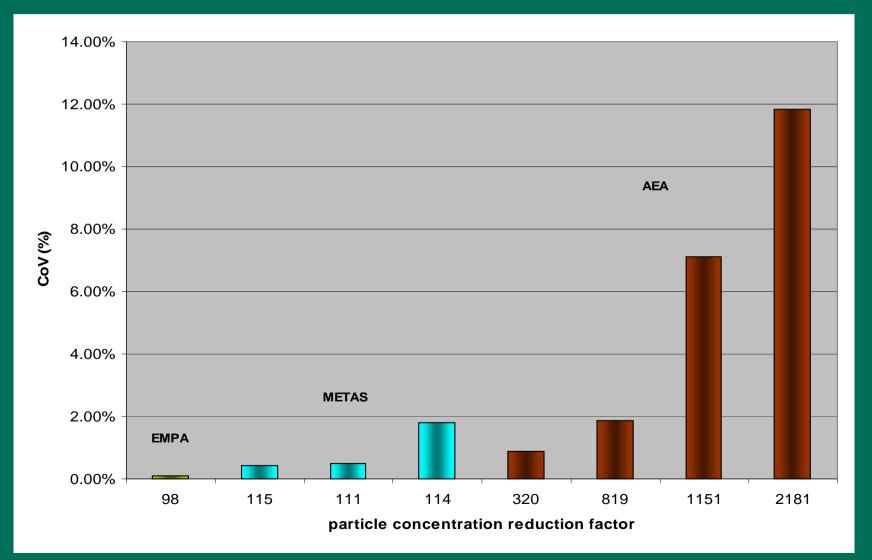
#### **PNC All Validations - Gradient**

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# **VPR pcrf Repeatability**

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 Repeatability very good at pcrf settings used for DPFs (typically ~150) and GDIs (typically ~600)



# **Amendments To Reg 83 Proposal**



Based on the results of the Roadmap activities a revised proposal to amend Regulation 83 was submitted to GRPE. Key changes;

- Charcoal scrubbing of dilution air is now optional
- PM sample minimum residence time at 47°C deleted, Teflo filters allowed
- Additional 20s PN sampling deleted
- VPR must be calibrated for mean particle concentration reduction factor (pcrf) (mean of 30nm, 50nm and100nm results) across its range of dilution settings
- VPR pcrf for 30nm and 50nm particles must be no more than 30% and 20% respectively higher than for 100nm particles
- VPR must have a minimum dilution factor upstream of the ET of 10
- PNC must be calibrated to reference electrometer reading
- Upper limit of PNC range no longer restricted to 10,000cm<sup>-3</sup>
- Validation check of PNC cut-off performance introduced as part of calibration
- Monthly PNC linearity check deleted, PNC flow check changed from daily to monthly
- PNC zero and leak check tolerances tightened

# **Outcome of GRPE in January 2008**



- Proposal adopted by GRPE for transmission to WP29
- Now awaiting i) agreement of EU position via TCMV meeting on 26<sup>th</sup> May and ii) formal vote in June WP29
- Amendment enters into force 9 months after vote

Meanwhile;

- Particle Number limits agreed for inclusion in Euro 5 & 6
- Diesel: 6x10<sup>11</sup> particles/km & 4.5g/km
- From 1<sup>st</sup> September 2011 (new types), 1<sup>st</sup> Jan 2013 (all types)
- GDI: TBD for Euro 6 & 4.5g/km

### **Heavy Duty Validation & Round Robin**



 Validation programme featuring Golden Systems (partial & full flow sampling), Golden Engine and Golden Engineer

JRC	To end of February 2008
AVL-MTC	March-April 2008
JRC	May - June 2008
Ricardo	July - August 2008
UTAC	September - October 2008
Review of data accumulated	November 2008
EMPA	December - January 2009
JRC	February - March 2009

### **Heavy Duty Validation & Round Robin**

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#### plus...

 Round Robin with (different) Golden Engine, labs own systems, no Golden Engineer

TUV	April-May 2008
Ricardo	June-August 2008
Volvo	September-October 2008
Japan & Korea	November 2008 - June 2009
JRC	July-August 2009
UTAC	September-October 2009
TNO	November-December 2009
VTT	January-February 2010
Scania	March-April 2010
Environment Canada	June-August 2010
Daimler Chrysler	September 2010